C. SCHRAUBSTADTER, Jr. FONT OF PRINTING TYPE.

D No. 17,350.

Patented May 17, 1887.

ABCENCEEFGHNIJKLCMNOPQ RSSTGUVWXYZE abecdeefghijklmmnopqrrsstuv wxyz \$1234567890£ ,::-'!?

Witnesser: J.W. Hoke.

Inventor: Carlocheantstatter fr by comordy arty

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CARL SCHRAUESTADTER, JR., OF ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

DESIGN FOR A FONT OF PRINTING-TYPE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Design No. 17,350, dated May 17, 1687

Application filed February 10, 1886. Serial No. 191,520. Term of patent 7 years.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CARLSCHRAUBSTADTER, Jr., a citizen of the United States, residing in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, have invented 5 and produced a new and original Design for a Font of Printing-Type, of which the following is a specification, reference being had to the accompanying impression, forming part thereof.

The distinctive features or characteristics of the design as carried out in the forms of the various letters may be described in detail as

One feature of the design is the extension of 15 a portion of the letters above and below the line and in giving such extensions an angular backward or curved appearance, as seen in the illustration, and in the pointed terminals of the letters.

The leading or characteristic feature of my design is found in the letters C E L, the lower portion or bar, a, of which forms a compound curve extending downward and toward the right, a portion of the same being concave on

25 the under side.

Another feature of my design appears in the letters E and F, in which the middle bar, d, is inclined sharply upward to the right and provided with a pointed terminal.

Still another feature of the design appears in the letters J and S, in which the lower curved bar extends downward and to the left, as indicated at f; and another feature in the letter M, in which the middle standard curves 35 at the top to the right and left, as indicated at h, the curves flowing freely and unbroken into the standards i, which latter extend below the line and outwardly and end in a concave and pointed terminal.

Another feature of the design is found in the 40 letter L, the vertical standard of which is a compound curve terminating at the top in the curved bar g, extending to the right.

I claim-

1. In a design for a font of printing type 45 herein shown and described, the letters C, 16, and L each having the lower portion extending downward to the right and slightly concave on its under side.

2. In a design for a font of printing type 50 herein shown and described, the letters E and F, in which the middle bar is inclined sharply upward to the right and provided with a pointed terminal, the E having also the oppositely-inclined lower bar, a.

3. In a design for a font of printing-type herein shown and described, the letters J and S, in which the lower curved bar extends downward to the left, as shown at f, said let-

ters being composed of uniformly-heavy bars, 60

and the J having a straight main bar.

4. In a design for a font of printing type herein shown and described, the letter M, in which the middle standard curves to the right and left smoothly and unbroken into the down- 65 ward and outwardly extending standards, which project below the line and have the concave and pointed terminals, as shown.

5. The design for a font of type herein shown and described, the same consisting of upper 70 and lower case letters having backward angular or curved appearance, curved and pointed terminals on the line, above the line, and below the line, substantially as described. CARL SCHRAUBSTADTER, JR.

Witnesses:

C. D. MOODY, J. W. HOKE.